15 (a) At time t hours **after a high tide**, the height, h metres, of the tide and the velocity, v knots, of the tidal flow can be modelled using the parametric equations

$$v = 4 - \left(\frac{2t}{3} - 2\right)^2$$

$$h = 3 - 2\sqrt[3]{t - 3}$$

High tides and low tides occur alternately when the velocity of the tidal flow is zero.

A high tide occurs at 2 am.

15 (a) (i) Use the model to find the height of this high tide.

[1 mark]

15 (a) (ii) Find the time of the first **low** tide after 2 am.

[3 marks]

15 (a) (iii) Find the height of this low tide.

[1 mark]

15 (b) Use the model to find the height of the tide when it is flowing with maximum velocity.

[3 marks]

15 (c) Comment on the validity of the model.

[2 marks]