2. The cubic equation

$$
z^{3}-3 z^{2}+z+5=0
$$

has roots $\alpha, \beta$ and $\gamma$.
Without solving the equation, find the cubic equation whose roots are $(2 \alpha+1),(2 \beta+1)$ and $(2 \gamma+1)$, giving your answer in the form $w^{3}+p w^{2}+q w+r=0$, where $p, q$ and $r$ are integers to be found.

