| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) | $(5 r-2)^{2}=25 r^{2}-20 r+4$ | B1 | 1.1b |
|  | $\sum_{r=1}^{n} 25 r^{2}-20 r+4=\frac{25}{6} n(n+1)(2 n+1)-\frac{20}{2} n(n+1)+\ldots$ | M1 | 2.1 |
|  | $=\frac{25}{6} n(n+1)(2 n+1)-\frac{20}{2} n(n+1)+4 n$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | $=\frac{1}{6} n\left[25\left(2 n^{2}+3 n+1\right)-60(n+1)+24\right]$ | dM1 | 1.1b |
|  | $=\frac{1}{6} n\left[50 n^{2}+15 n-11\right]$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (5) |  |
| (b) | $\frac{1}{6} k\left[50 k^{2}+15 k-11\right]=94 k^{2}$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $50 k^{3}-549 k^{2}-11 k=0$ <br> or $50 k^{2}-549 k-11=0$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | $(k-11)(50 k+1)=0 \Rightarrow k=\ldots$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $k=11$ (only) | A1 | 2.3 |
|  |  | (4) |  |
| (9 marks) |  |  |  |
|  | Notes |  |  |

(a)

B1: Correct expansion
M1: Substitutes at least one of the standard formulae into their expanded expression
A1: Fully correct expression
dM1: Attempts to factorise $\frac{1}{6} n$ having used at least one standard formula correctly. Dependent on the first M mark.
A1: Obtains the correct expression or the correct values of $a, b$ and $c$
(b)

M1: Uses their result from part (a) and sets equal to $94 k^{2}$ and attempt to expand and collect terms.
A1: Correct cubic or quadratic
M1: Attempts to solve their 3TQ or cubic equation
A1: Identifies the correct value of $k$ with no other values offered

