

2. [With respect to the **right-hand rule**, a rotation through θ° anticlockwise about the z -axis is represented by the matrix
- $$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Given that the matrix \mathbf{M} , where

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

represents a rotation through α° anticlockwise about the z -axis with respect to the **right-hand rule**,

- (a) determine the value of α . (1)
- (b) Hence determine the smallest possible positive integer value of k for which $\mathbf{M}^k = \mathbf{I}$ (2)

The 3×3 matrix \mathbf{N} represents a reflection in the plane with equation $y = 0$

- (c) Write down the matrix \mathbf{N} . (1)

The point A has coordinates $(-2, 4, 3)$

The point B is the image of the point A under the transformation represented by matrix \mathbf{M} followed by the transformation represented by matrix \mathbf{N} .

- (d) Show that the coordinates of B are $(2 + \sqrt{3}, 2\sqrt{3} - 1, 3)$ (2)

Given that O is the origin,

- (e) show that, to 3 significant figures, the size of angle AOB is 66.9° (2)
- (f) Hence determine the area of triangle AOB , giving your answer to 3 significant figures. (2)