**12.** (a) Show that the equation

$$4\cos\theta - 1 = 2\sin\theta\tan\theta$$

can be written in the form

$$6\cos^2\theta - \cos\theta - 2 = 0$$

**(4)**

(b) Hence solve, for $0 \leqslant x < 90°$

$$4\cos 3x - 1 = 2\sin 3x\tan 3x$$

giving your answers, where appropriate, to one decimal place.
(*Solutions based entirely on graphical or numerical methods are not acceptable*.)

**(4)**