7. The curve $C$ has equation

$$
y=\frac{k^{2}}{x}+1 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 0
$$

where $k$ is a constant.
(a) Sketch $C$ stating the equation of the horizontal asymptote.

The line $l$ has equation $y=-2 x+5$
(b) Show that the $x$ coordinate of any point of intersection of $l$ with $C$ is given by a solution of the equation

$$
\begin{equation*}
2 x^{2}-4 x+k^{2}=0 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(c) Hence find the exact values of $k$ for which $l$ is a tangent to $C$.

