

10.

$$g(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 - 41x - 70$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that $g(x)$ is divisible by $(x - 5)$.

(2)

(b) Hence, showing all your working, write $g(x)$ as a product of three linear factors.

(4)

The finite region R is bounded by the curve with equation $y = g(x)$ and the x -axis, and lies below the x -axis.

(c) Find, using algebraic integration, the exact value of the area of R .

(4)