

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	AOs
4 (a)	$t = 4, V = 50 \Rightarrow 50 = a + 2b$ or $t = 9, V = 20 \Rightarrow 20 = a + 3b$	M1	3.1b
	Attempts both and solves to find values for <i>a</i> and <i>b</i>	dM1	1.1b
	$V = 110 - 30\sqrt{t}$	A1	3.3
		(3)	
(b)	220 litres	B1ft	3.4
		(1)	
(c)	Sets their $110 - 30\sqrt{t} = 0 \Rightarrow t = \dots$	M1	3.4
	$\{0 \leq\} \quad t \leq \frac{121}{9}$	A1ft	3.5b
		(2)	
(6 marks)			
Notes:			

- (a)
- M1:** Forms at least one equation using $t = 4, V = 50$ or $t = 9, V = 20$ the correct way round in the given model, e.g., $50 = a + b\sqrt{4}$
- dM1:** Uses both pieces of information the correct way round and solves their equations to find values for *a* **and** *b*. Dependent on the previous method mark.
- Condone a slip in substitution when creating the equations, e.g., failing to square root the 9 or 4, or miscopying 20 as 30, and do not be concerned about their processing to solve the simultaneous equations.
- A1:** cao $V = 110 - 30\sqrt{t}$ o.e. in any form e.g. $V = 110 - 30t^{\frac{1}{2}}$ or $V + 30\sqrt{t} = 110$
- Condone e.g. $V = 110 + -30\sqrt{t}$
- If just $a = 110$ and $b = -30$ seen in part (a) this mark may be awarded for a complete model seen in part (b) or part (c).
- (b)
- B1ft:** 220 litres including units but follow through on twice their value for *a* provided it is positive.
- May come from other models e.g. $V = a + bt$ for part (b).
- (c) **Their model must be of the correct form for this part.**
- M1:** Realises that the model breaks down when $V = 0$ so solves their $110 - 30\sqrt{t} = 0 \Rightarrow t = \dots$
- Do not be concerned about their processing to solve the equation for this mark.
- May be implied by e.g. $t < \text{awrt } 13.4$ or by their $t \leq \dots$ following through on their value to 3sf.

A1ft: Finds the limitation to the model $\{0 \leq\} t \leq \frac{121}{9}$ There is no requirement to see the lower limit.

Condone solutions such as $t \leq 13.\dot{4}$ and $t < \frac{121}{9}$ or an equivalent statement in words, e.g. “the model is only valid for values of t up to “ $\frac{121}{9}$ ” or “ $13.\dot{4}$ is the last possible value...”.

Must be exact, so not e.g. $t \leq 13.4$ regardless of whether the exact critical value has previously been stated.

Follow through on their a and b so look for $t \leq \frac{a^2}{b^2}$ or $t < \frac{a^2}{b^2}$ but a and b must be numerical.

Ignore any other spurious incorrect statements such as t cannot be 0, provided they do not clearly affect the upper limit, and ignore any incorrect units.