

4. A lake contains three different types of carp.

There are an estimated 450 mirror carp, 300 leather carp and 850 common carp.

Tim wishes to investigate the health of the fish in the lake.

He decides to take a sample of 160 fish.

(a) Give a reason why stratified random sampling cannot be used.

(1)

(b) Explain how a sample of size 160 could be taken to ensure that the estimated populations of each type of carp are fairly represented.

You should state the name of the sampling method used.

(2)

As part of the health check, Tim weighed the fish.

His results are given in the table below.

Weight (w kg)	Frequency (f)	Midpoint (m kg)
$2 \leq w < 3.5$	8	2.75
$3.5 \leq w < 4$	32	3.75
$4 \leq w < 4.5$	64	4.25
$4.5 \leq w < 5$	40	4.75
$5 \leq w < 6$	16	5.5

(You may use $\sum fm = 692$ and $\sum fm^2 = 3053$)

(c) Calculate an estimate for the standard deviation of the weight of the carp.

(2)

Tim realised that he had transposed the figures for 2 of the weights of the fish.

He had recorded in the table 2.3 instead of 3.2 and 4.6 instead of 6.4

(d) Without calculating a new estimate for the standard deviation, state what effect

(i) using the correct figure of 3.2 instead of 2.3

(ii) using the correct figure of 6.4 instead of 4.6

would have on your estimated standard deviation.

Give a reason for each of your answers.

(2)