

Question	Scheme	Mark	AO
3(a)	[From 3~4 bar and freq in table deduce] fd scale of 1cm = 5	M1	2.2a
	2~3 has freq = 25 and 4~6 has freq = $112 - (64+13+3 + \text{“25”}) = \underline{7}$	A1 (2)	1.1b
(b)	For a bar between 4~6 of height $\frac{7}{2} = 3.5$ small squares <u>or</u>	M1	2.2a
	For a bar between 6~8 of height 1.5 small squares For a fully correct histogram with all 3 bars plotted correctly	A1ft (2)	1.1b
(c)	Require $\int_{(1)}^{(8)} \frac{k}{x^2} dx = 112$	M1	3.4
	$= \left[\frac{-k}{x} \right]_1^8 = \left(-\frac{k}{8} \right) - \left(-\frac{k}{1} \right) [= 112]$	M1	1.1b
	i.e. $\left[\frac{7}{8}k = 112 \Rightarrow \right] \quad k = \underline{128}$	A1 (3)	1.1b
(7 marks)			

Notes

- (a)** M1 for deducing a correct fd scale (seen on graph or in text) may be implied 25 or 7
if 25 or 7 found, then ignore their fd scale
A1 for both 25 **and** 7
- (b)** Ignore their fd scale in part (b)
M1 for a correct bar over 4~6 follow through their “7” from their table
or for a correct bar over 6~8
A1ft for a fully correct histogram (all 3 bars correct height and correct width)
allow ft on their 4~6 bar
- (c)** 1st M1 for correct integral expression = 112 (condone missing dx and ignore limits)
or attempt to integrate ($x^{-2} \rightarrow x^{-1}$) and set area = 112 (ignore limits)
2nd M1 for correct integration and some use of limits of 1 and 8 (condone missing 112)
 $\frac{7}{8}k = 112$ implies M1M1
A1 for 128