

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>8(a)</b>	Substitution of both $t = 0$ and $t = 10$	M1	2.1
	$s = 0$ for both $t = 0$ and $t = 10$	A1	1.1b
	Explanation ( $s > 0$ for $0 < t < 10$ ) since $s = \frac{1}{10}t^2(t - 10)^2$	A1	2.4
		<b>(3)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	Differentiate displacement $s$ w.r.t. $t$ to give velocity, $v$	M1	1.1a
	$v = \frac{1}{10}(4t^3 - 60t^2 + 200t)$	A1	1.1b
	Interpretation of 'rest' to give $v = \frac{1}{10}(4t^3 - 60t^2 + 200t) = \frac{2}{5}t(t - 5)(t - 10) = 0$	M1	1.1b
	$t = 0, 5, 10$	A1	1.1b
	Select $t = 5$ and substitute their $t = 5$ into $s$	M1	1.1a
	Distance = 62.5 m	A1ft	1.1b
		<b>(6)</b>	
	<b>(9 marks)</b>		

### Notes:

**(a)**

**M1:** For substituting  $t = 0$  and  $t = 10$  into  $s$  expression

**A1:** For noting that  $s = 0$  at both times

**A1:** Since  $s$  is a perfect square,  $s > 0$  for all other  $t$ - values

**(b)**

**M1:** For differentiating  $s$  w.r.t.  $t$  to give  $v$  (powers of  $t$  reducing by 1)

**A1:** For a correct  $v$  expression in any form

**M1:** For equating  $v$  to 0 and factorising

**A1:** For correct  $t$  values

**M1:** For substituting their intermediate  $t$  value into  $s$

**A1:** ft following an incorrect  $t$ -value