Unless otherwise indicated, whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

6.

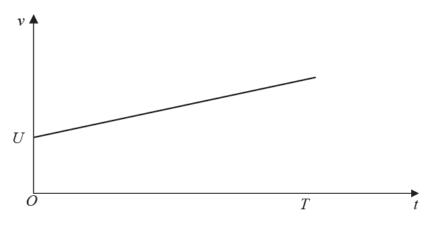


Figure 1

A car moves along a straight horizontal road. At time t = 0, the velocity of the car is $U \text{ m s}^{-1}$. The car then accelerates with constant acceleration $a \text{ m s}^{-2}$ for T seconds. The car travels a distance D metres during these T seconds.

Figure 1 shows the velocity-time graph for the motion of the car for $0 \le t \le T$.

Using the graph, show that $D = UT + \frac{1}{2} aT^2$.

(No credit will be given for answers which use any of the kinematics (*suvat*) formulae listed under Mechanics in the AS Mathematics section of the formulae booklet.)