7. The plane  $\Pi$  has equation

where  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  are scalar parameters.

The line *l* has equation

$$\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ 

where *t* is a scalar parameter.

The point A lies on l. Given that the shortest distance between A and  $\Pi$  is  $2\sqrt{29}$ 

(c) determine the possible coordinates of A.

**(2)** 

**(2)** 

(4)