(a) Show that  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} = \frac{dy}{dx} - 2\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3$ 

term in  $x^5$ 

(b) Hence find 
$$\frac{d^5y}{dx^5}$$
 in terms of  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ ,  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  and  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3}$ 

(c) Find the Maclaurin series for y, in ascending powers of x, up to and including the

 $y = \arctan(\sinh(x))$