4. Relative to a fixed origin *O*,

the point *A* has position vector  $\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$ , the point *B* has position vector  $4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$ , and the point *C* has position vector  $2\mathbf{i} + 10\mathbf{j} + 9\mathbf{k}$ .

Given that ABCD is a parallelogram,

(a) find the position vector of point D.

The vector  $\overrightarrow{AX}$  has the same direction as  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ .

Given that  $|AX| = 10\sqrt{2}$ ,

(b) find the position vector of X.

(3)

## (Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)