(a) Find the first three terms, in ascending powers of x, of the binomial expansion of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x}}$

giving each coefficient in its simplest form.

The expansion can be used to find an approximation to $\sqrt{3}$

Possible values of *x* that could be substituted into this expansion are:

•
$$x = -\frac{2}{3}$$
 because $\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{5}$

•
$$x = 6$$
 because $\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
• $x = -18$ because $\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{27}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{9}$

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(ii) state, giving a reason, which of the three values of
$$x$$
 would lead to the most accurate approximation to $\sqrt{3}$.

(i) state, giving a reason, which of the three values of x should not be used,

(1) (Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)