Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
2(a)	$\frac{6x-5}{2x+1} = 3 \pm {2x+1}$	M1	1.1b
	$\frac{6x-5}{2x+1} = 3 - \frac{8}{2x+1}$	A1	1.1b
		(2)	
( <b>b</b> )	$\frac{\dots}{2x+1} \to \dots \ln  2x+1 $	M1	1.2
	$\int \mathbf{f}(x)  \mathrm{d}x = 3x - 4\ln 2x + 1  + c$	A1ft	1.1b
		(2)	
(4 marks)			
Notes:			
(a)			
<b>M1:</b> States $A = 3$ or writes $\frac{6x-5}{2x+1} = 3 \pm {2x+1}$			
<b>A1:</b> Correct expression $3 - \frac{8}{2x+1}$			
(b)			
M1: Recalls that $\frac{\dots}{2x+1}$ integrates to $\dots \ln  2x+1 $ accept $\dots \ln (2x+1)$ Ignore any other terms for			
this mark.			
The must be constant in both cases.			
A1ft: Correct integration, following through on their <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> , including the $+c$ . Accept $\ln(2x+1)$			
for $\ln  2x+1 $			