

Figure 6

The total profit of a new business is monitored each month for several years.

At time t months after monitoring began, the total profit,  $\pounds P$ , where P is measured in thousands, is modelled by the equation

$$P = at^{t}$$

where a and b are constants.

The line *l*, shown in Figure 6, illustrates the linear relationship between  $\log_{10} t$  and  $\log_{10} P$  for 3 years after monitoring began.

Given that the points A(0.6, 0.8) and B(1.2, 1.7) lie on l

(a) find an equation for l in the form

$$\log_{10} P = m \log_{10} t + c$$

where m and c are constants.

(b) Hence show that the model for the total profit can be written as

$$P = at^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

giving the value of *a* to 3 significant figures.

(c) Interpret, with reference to the model, the value of a

Given that the profit made in the 48th month was £8300

- (d) evaluate the reliability of the model.
- (e) Give one reason why this model may not be realistic for the total profit of the business.

(3)

(3)

(1)

(3)

(1)

12.