The height above the sea, h metres, of one of the birds is modelled by the equation $h = A - B t^{1.5}$

 $h \geqslant 0$ $0 \leqslant t \leqslant T$

(4)

(1)

where t seconds is the time after the bird leaves its nest and A, B and T are positive constants.

6. A scientist is monitoring the flight of sea birds after they leave their nests on a cliff.

Given that

- the bird was 17.6 m above the sea exactly 4 seconds after leaving its nest
- the bird was 11.9 m above the sea exactly 9 seconds after leaving its nest
- (a) find a complete equation for the model.

Find, according to the model,

(b) the height of the bird's nest above the sea,

(c) the limitation on the value of T.

(2)