6.

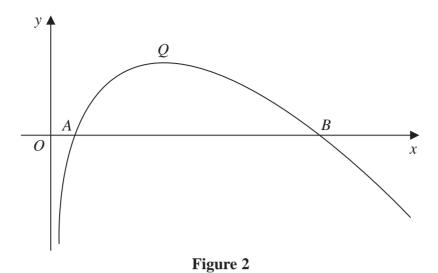


Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve with equation y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = (8 - x) \ln x, \qquad x > 0$$

The curve cuts the x-axis at the points A and B and has a maximum turning point at Q, as shown in Figure 2.

 $x_{n+1} = \frac{8}{1 + \ln x_n} \qquad n \in \mathbb{N}$

- (a) Find the *x* coordinate of *A* and the *x* coordinate of *B*.
- (b) Show that the x coordinate of Q satisfies

$$x = \frac{8}{1 + \ln x}$$

(c) Show that the
$$x$$
 coordinate of Q lies between 3.5 and 3.6

(d) Use the iterative formula

- with $x_1 = 3.5 \text{ to}$
- (i) find the value of x_5 to 4 decimal places,
- (ii) find the *x* coordinate of *Q* accurate to 2 decimal places.

(1)

(4)

(2)