

## Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve with equation $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$, where

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=(8-x) \ln x, \quad x>0
$$

The curve cuts the $x$-axis at the points $A$ and $B$ and has a maximum turning point at $Q$, as shown in Figure 2.
(a) Find the $x$ coordinate of $A$ and the $x$ coordinate of $B$.
(b) Show that the $x$ coordinate of $Q$ satisfies

$$
\begin{equation*}
x=\frac{8}{1+\ln x} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

(c) Show that the $x$ coordinate of $Q$ lies between 3.5 and 3.6
(d) Use the iterative formula

$$
x_{n+1}=\frac{8}{1+\ln x_{n}} \quad n \in \mathbb{N}
$$

with $x_{1}=3.5$ to
(i) find the value of $x_{5}$ to 4 decimal places,
(ii) find the $x$ coordinate of $Q$ accurate to 2 decimal places.

