

Figure 4 shows a sketch of the curve C with parametric equations

$$x = \ln(t+2), \ y = \frac{1}{t+1}, \qquad t > -\frac{2}{3}$$

(a) State the domain of values of x for the curve C.

The finite region R, shown shaded in Figure 4, is bounded by the curve C, the line with equation  $x = \ln 2$ , the x-axis and the line with equation  $x = \ln 4$ 

(b) Use calculus to show that the area of *R* is  $\ln\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$ .

(8)

**(1)**