

Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with equation  $y = x \ln x$ , x > 0

The line *l* is the normal to *C* at the point P(e, e)

The region *R*, shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curve *C*, the line *l* and the *x*-axis. Show that the exact area of *R* is  $Ae^2 + B$  where *A* and *B* are rational numbers to be found.