

 $|\overrightarrow{AP}| = 2|\overrightarrow{BP}|$

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the straight line l.

the point B has position vector $5\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k}$

Line *l* passes through the points *A* and *B*.

- Relative to a fixed origin O
- the point A has position vector $2\mathbf{i} 3\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}$
- (a) Find \overrightarrow{AB}

Given that a point P lies on l such that

(b) find the possible position vectors of P.

(1)

(4)