2. A meteorologist believes that there is a relationship between the daily mean windspeed, w kn, and the daily mean temperature, t °C. A random sample of 9 consecutive days is taken from past records from a town in the UK in July and the relevant data is given in the table below.

t	13.3	16.2	15.7	16.6	16.3	16.4	19.3	17.1	13.2
w	7	11	8	11	13	8	15	10	11

The meteorologist calculated the product moment correlation coefficient for the 9 days and obtained $r = 0.609$

(a) Explain why a linear regression model based on these data is unreliable on a day when the mean temperature is 24 °C

(1)

(b) State what is measured by the product moment correlation coefficient.

(1)

(c) Stating your hypotheses clearly test, at the 5% significance level, whether or not the product moment correlation coefficient for the population is greater than zero.

(3)

Using the same 9 days a location from the large data set gave $\overline{t} = 27.2$ and $\overline{w} = 3.5$

(d) Using your knowledge of the large data set, suggest, giving your reason, the location that gave rise to these statistics.

(1)