

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
4(a)	$\bar{X} = \frac{1680}{60} = 28 \text{ (minutes)}$	B1	1.1b
	$S_{xx} = 47654.4 - \frac{1680^2}{60} (= 614.4)$	M1	1.1b
	St dev = $\sqrt{\frac{S_{xx}}{60}} = 3.2 \text{ minutes}$	A1	1.1b
		(3)	
(b)	$H_0 : \mu = 27.5 \quad H_1 : \mu > 27.5$ Using $\bar{X} \sim N\left(27.5, \frac{3^2}{60}\right)$	B1 M1	2.5 3.3
	Test value $z = \frac{28 - 27.5}{\frac{3}{\sqrt{60}}} = 1.2909\dots$	A1ft	1.1b
	Critical value $z = 1.64485\dots$ 1.64 or better	B1	1.1b
	Not in critical region so insufficient evidence to support Lucy's belief oe	A1cso	3.5a
		(5)	
(c)(i)	Assumption of constant probability of success, $p = 0.2$ is unreasonable oe	B1	3.4
	As 5 fastest and 5 beginners have differing chances	B1	2.4
		(2)	
	e.g. Model 5 fastest and 5 beginners as 2 independent binomial distributions each with $n = 5$ but different values of p	B1	3.5c
		(1)	
(11 marks)			

Notes:

- (a) B1 28 cao
M1 use of formula for S_{xx} oe alternative method
A1 3.2 minutes or 3 minutes 12 seconds
- (b) B1 both hypotheses correct, must be in terms of μ
M1 correct model for \bar{X} using their sample mean and standard deviation
A1 ft their sample mean and standard deviation
B1 correct critical value for z or correct p value (0.09835...) awrt 0.098
A1 cso correct conclusion in context
- (c)(i) 1st B1 correct comment on 0.2
2nd B1 valid reason in context
(ii) B1 idea of separate distributions to model each group