Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
5(i)(a)	Box and 2 non-intersecting circles labelled A and B	B1	2.1
	$A G_P \qquad B P$		
	$P(A)+P(B) \le 1$ or $4p \le 1$ oe	M1	1.1b
(b)	$0 < P(B) \le 0.25$	A1	1.1b
		(3)	
(ii)(a)	If independent $P(C D) = P(C)$ so C and D not independent	B1	2.4
		(1)	
(b)	Use of $P(C \mid D) = \frac{P(C \cap D)}{P(D)}$	M1	1.1b
	$3 \times P(C) = \frac{0.5 \times P(C)}{P(D)}$ $P(D) = \frac{1}{6}$ $P(C' \cap D') = \frac{7}{10} \text{ so } P(C \cup D) = \frac{3}{10}$	A1	2.1
	$P(D) = \frac{1}{6}$	A1	1.1b
	$P(C' \cap D') = \frac{7}{10} \text{ so } P(C \cup D) = \frac{3}{10}$	B1	1.1b
	Use of $P(C \cup D) = P(C) + P(D) - P(C \cap D)$	M1 dM1	3.1a 1.1b
	$\frac{3}{10} = P(D) + \frac{1}{6} - 0.5 \times P(C)$ $P(C) = \frac{4}{15}$		
	$P(C) = \frac{4}{15}$	A1	1.1b
		(7)	
(11 marks)			

Notes:		
(i) (a) B1 correct shape diagram with A and B labelled and p and 3p correctly placed		
(b) M1 correct idea for upper limit in words or inequality		
A1 fully correct		
(ii)(a) B1 needs not independent oe and valid reason		
(b) 1 st M1 any attempt to use formula for P(C D)		
1 st A1 may be implied by sight of $P(D) = \frac{1}{6}$		
B1 alt award if correct region labelled with $\frac{7}{10}$ in Venn diagram		
2^{nd} M1 use of formula with their $P(C \cup D)$ and $P(D)$		
3^{rd} dM1(dependent on previous M1) complete method to find P(C)		
$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ A1 } P(C) = \frac{4}{15} \text{ with valid supporting reasoning}$		