[In this question, position vectors are given relative to a fixed origin.] At time t seconds, where t > 0, a particle P has velocity  $\mathbf{v} \, \mathbf{m} \, \mathbf{s}^{-1}$  where

 $\mathbf{v} = 3t^2\mathbf{i} - 6t^{\frac{1}{2}}\mathbf{i}$ 

1.

$$\mathbf{v} = 3t^2\mathbf{i} - 6t^2\mathbf{j}$$
(a) Find the speed of *P* at time  $t = 2$  seconds.

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$$P$$
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**(2)** 

(2)

(4)

(1 mark)

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(I mark)

 $= \begin{pmatrix} -62 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix}$  m

Find an expression, in terms of 
$$t$$
,  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$ , for the acceleration of  $P$  at time  $t$  seconds, where  $t > 0$ 

 $= \sqrt{144+72} = \sqrt{216} = 6\sqrt{6} \text{ ms}^{-1}$ 

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b) Find an expression, in terms of 
$$t$$
,  $i$  and  $j$ , for the acceleration of  $P$  at time  $t$  seconds.

At time t = 4 seconds, the position vector of P is (i - 4j) m.

(a)  $V = \begin{pmatrix} 3t^2 \\ -6t^2 \end{pmatrix}$   $V(2) = \begin{pmatrix} 3(2)^2 \\ -6(2)^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ -6\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $\frac{(b)}{(b)} \quad a = \frac{dv}{dt} = \left(\frac{d(3t^2)}{dt}\right) = \left(\frac{6t}{-3t^{-\frac{1}{2}}}\right) = \left(\frac{6$ 

(c)  $5 = \int v \, dt = \left( \int 3t^2 \, dt \right) = \left( t^3 + c_1 \right) = \left( \int -4t^{\frac{3}{2}} + c_2 \right)$ 

at t = 4,  $5(4) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$  so  $\begin{pmatrix} 4^3 + c_1 \\ -4(4)^2 + c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $4^{3} + c_{1} = 1 \Rightarrow c_{1} = -63$   $5(1) = (1)^{3} - 63$   $-4(4)^{3} + c_{2} = -4 \Rightarrow c_{2} = 28$   $5(1) = (1)^{3} - 63$   $-4(1)^{3} + 28$ 

 $5 = \begin{pmatrix} t^3 - 63 \\ -4t^{\frac{3}{2}} + 28 \end{pmatrix}$ 

(c) Find the position vector of P at time t = 1 second.

 $speed_2 = |V_2| = \sqrt{12^2 + (-652)^2}$ 

b) Find an expression, in terms of 
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,  $i$  and  $j$ , for the acceleration of  $P$  at time  $t$  seconds

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