3	DR				
	$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}\right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} - 3$	M1	2.1	M1 for attempt to differentiate (so	A0 if "+ <i>c</i> "
	$\left(\frac{1}{dx}\right) = \sqrt{\sqrt{x}} - 3$	A1	1.1	therefore answer of the form	
				$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{k}{\sqrt{x}} - 3$) and A1 for correct	
				derivative	oe
	When $x = 4$, $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) = -2$	A1	1.1	Correct value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$	
	Gradient of normal = $\frac{1}{2}$	B1 FT	1.2	Follow through their evaluated $\frac{dy}{dx}$	Must be processed correctly
	When $x = 4, y = -3$	B1	1.1	Correct <i>y</i> coordinate, accept	
				equivalent forms	
	$y+3=\frac{1}{2}(x-4)$	M1	1.1	Correct method for equation of	
	$y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 4)$			straight line through (4, their	
				evaluated y), any non-zero gradient	
	x - 2y - 10 = 0	A1	1.1	Correct equation in required form i.e.	Must have $= 0$
				k(x-2y-10) = 0 for integer k.	

