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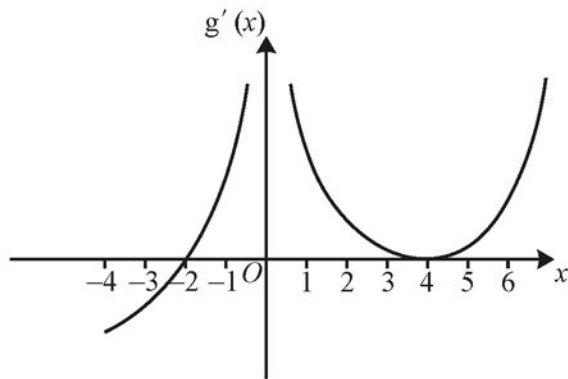
(a) The graph of the function $y = f(x)$ passes through the point P with coordinates $(2, 6)$, and is a one-one function. State the coordinates of the point corresponding to P on each of the following curves.

(i) $y = f(x) + 3$ [1]

(ii) $y = 2f(3x - 1)$ [2]

(iii) $y = f^{-1}(x)$ [1]

(b)



The diagram shows part of the graph of $y = g'(x)$. This is the graph of the gradient function of $y = g(x)$. The graph intersects the x -axis at $x = -2$ and $x = 4$.

(i) State the x -coordinate of any stationary points on the graph of $y = g(x)$. [1]

(ii) State the set of values of x for which $y = g(x)$ is a decreasing function. [1]

(iii) State the x -coordinate of any points of inflection on the graph of $y = g(x)$. [1]