

Question		Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
4		<b>DR</b>			
		$3\sin^4 \phi + \sin^2 \phi - 4 = 0$			
		$(3\sin^2 \phi + 4)(\sin^2 \phi - 1) = 0$	<b>B1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	Attempt to solve QE in $\sin^2 \phi$ or QE in $u$ with $u = \sin^2 \phi$ so i <b>Must see method</b>
		$\sin^2 \phi = -\frac{4}{3}$ or $\sin^2 \phi = 1$ (or $\sin \phi = 1$ )	<b>B1</b>	<b>1.1</b>	May be implied from $x = \sin^2 \phi$ and $x = -\frac{4}{3}$ or 1
		$\sin^2 \phi = -\frac{4}{3}$ is impossible	<b>B1</b>	<b>2.3</b>	oe, eg $\sin \phi \neq \sqrt{-\frac{4}{3}}$ <b>Not</b> with incorrect reason, eg $\sin^2 \phi = \frac{16}{9} > 1$
		$\phi = \sin^{-1}(\pm 1)$	<b>M1</b>	<b>1.1</b>	solve for $\phi$ Allow $\phi = \sin^{-1}(1)$ , may be implied
		$\phi = \frac{1}{2}\pi, \frac{3}{2}\pi$ No extras within range	<b>A1</b>	<b>2.2a</b>	Both. dep $\sin^2 \phi = -\frac{4}{3}$ and $\sin^2 \phi = 1$ (or $\sin \phi = 1$ ) seen
		Allow "correct" extras outside range			
			<b>[5]</b>		SC $\phi = \frac{1}{2}\pi, \frac{3}{2}\pi$ with no working: B2