Question		Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
					DR
		$\int \frac{1}{x+2}  \mathrm{d}x = \ln(x+2)$	M1	1.1	Integrate and obtain expression involving ln. This may be
		$\int x+2^{-x}$			combined with the next step. Ignore limits. Brackets (x+2) soi
3					If a substitution is used then only award this mark when $ln(x + 2)$
					reached or an equivalent integral with appropriate limits (typically
					$\ln x$ with limits 2 and 4.5).
		[1, (2)]2.5	M1	1.1	Substitute and use limits 0 & 2.5 (or appropriately changed limits
		$\left[\ln(x+2)\right]_{0}^{2.5} = \ln 4.5 - \ln 2 \text{ or } \ln \frac{4.5}{2}$			in the case of a substitution) in their ln integral. Must see this step.
		$= \ln \frac{9}{4} \text{ or } \ln 2.25 \text{ or } 2 \ln \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \text{ etc}$	A1	1.1	www, any equivalent exact form, but must be a single term
		4 == == == == == (2) ===			expression. Do not accept $\ln \frac{4.5}{2}$ for this mark.
			[2]		Correct answer with no working SC <b>B1</b> [1/3]
			[3]		Ignore use of modulus signs throughout.