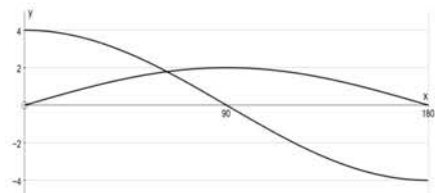
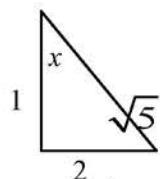


5	i	$y = 4 \cos x$ $y = 2 \sin x$ 	<b>B1</b>  <b>B1</b> <b>[2]</b>	<b>1.2</b>  <b>1.2</b>	Correct shapes and relative sizes  Graphs labelled with correct amplitudes clear Ignore any graph beyond the given interval	
	ii	$4 \cos x = 2 \sin x$ $\tan x = 2$ $x = \arctan 2$  $4 \cos x = 4 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5}$  Point of intersection is $\left( \arctan 2, \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5} \right)$	<b>M1</b>  <b>A1</b>   <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>[4]</b>	<b>3.1a</b>  <b>1.1b</b>   <b>1.1a</b> <b>1.1b</b>	Forming equation leading to $\tan x = k$ oe  Award for $63.4^\circ$ for this first A mark   Attempting to find exact value for $\cos x$ or $\sin x$ Must be a coordinate in this form	Do not allow for using $63.4^\circ$
	iii	The student's argument is invalid as the period of $\tan x$ is $180^\circ$ .	<b>E1</b>  <b>[1]</b>	<b>2.3</b>	Must state or imply that the argument is invalid and give a correct reason	Allow for "roots occur every $180^\circ$ " oe