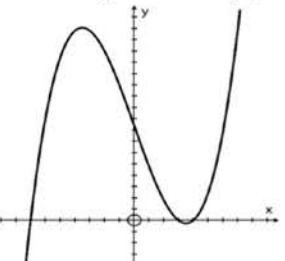


7	(a)	<p>DR Nigel should substitute $x = -7$ not $x = 7$; his calculation shows that $(x - 7)$ is not a factor</p> <p>$(-7)^3 - 37 \times (-7) + 84 = -343 + 259 + 84 = 0$, so $(x + 7)$ is a factor</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1 [2]</p>	<p>2.3</p> <p>2.1</p>	<p>Any suitable comment that references the factor theorem</p> <p>Clear argument needed</p>	<p>Allow for correct algebraic division if comment made about no remainder.</p>
7	(b)	<p>DR $x^3 - 37x + 84 = (x + 7)(x^2 - 7x + 12)$</p> <p>$= (x + 7)(x - 3)(x - 4)$</p> <p>Crosses x-axis at $(-7, 0)$, $(3, 0)$, $(4, 0)$</p> <p>Crosses y-axis at $(0, 84)$</p> 	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 (dep) B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>[5]</p>	<p>3.1a</p> <p>1.1a</p> <p>1.1</p> <p>1.1</p> <p>1.1</p>	<p>Attempt to divide cubic by $(x + 7)$ or find a quadratic factor by inspection</p> <p>Attempt to factorise their quadratic factor oe and find points on x-axis FT</p> <p>Accept values shown on sketch graph www</p> <p>Accept value shown on sketch graph www</p> <p>Axes labelled and correct general shape FT their values as long as right way up.</p>	<p>May be seen above (Allow if at least two correct terms)</p> <p>The A mark is dependent on the second M mark</p> <p>Exact position of the stationary points is not needed</p>

7

(c)

DR

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Equation of the form } y &= (x-1)^3 - 37(x-1) + 84 \\ &= (x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1) - 37(x-1) + 84 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 - 34x + 120$$

Alternative solution

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Equation of the form} \\ y &= (x-1+7)(x-1-3)(x-1-4) \\ &= (x+6)(x^2 - 9x + 20) \text{ or } (x-4)(x^2 + x - 30) \\ &\quad \text{or } (x-5)(x^2 + 2x - 24) \end{aligned}$$

$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 - 34x + 120$$

M1**3.1a**Substituting $(x-1)$ for x twice**M1****1.1a**

Attempt to expand

A1**1.1**

Correct expansion of their cubic term

A1**1.1**cao (including $y =$)**[4]****M1**Substituting $(x-1)$ for x everywhere**M1**

Attempt to multiply out their factors

A1

Correct quadratic factor

A1cao (including $y =$)**[4]**Allow for
 $(x+6)(x-4)(x-5)$