

11	(a)	$m = \frac{k}{t}$, so $t = 5$, $m = 2.1 \Rightarrow k = 10.5$ When $t = 50$, $m = \frac{10.5}{50} = 0.21$, oe EITHER The model fits the measurements because the prediction agrees with given value OR The model fits the measurements because the same value of k is obtained in each case	M1 M1 A1 [3]	2.1 2.1 2.2a	Using algebraic expression to represent proportionality and one pair of values in attempt to find k Uses the model to predict the value of m for the other value of t , or uses the other pair of values to check the value of k Makes suitable statement about consistency of results	oe with $t = 50$, $m = 0.21$ e.g. $\therefore m = \frac{10.5}{t}$	
		Alternative argument When the value of t is multiplied by 10, the value of m is divided by 10 So [consistent with the model that] mass is inversely proportional to time.	M2 A1 [3]		Argument in words need not reference the constant of proportionality Must make a clear conclusion about inverse proportionality		
11	(b)	(i)	When t is small, $m = \frac{10.5}{t}$ is large, so the mass will not be modelled correctly.	B1 [1]	3.5a	Any suitable comment that identifies a problem at $t = 0$ or as $t \rightarrow 0$	
11	(b)	(ii)	Melts completely when $m = 0$, but $t = \frac{10.5}{0}$ is not defined so the model cannot be used	B1 [1]	3.5a	Any suitable comment explaining that the model will not give a time for $m = 0$	Allow for “the model does not give a time for which $m = 0$ ” oe

11	(c)	<p>Substitute $t = 5, m = 2.1 \Rightarrow 2.1 = 5a + b$</p> <p>Substitute $t = 50, m = 0.21 \Rightarrow 0.21 = 50a + b$</p> <p>Solving simultaneously: $a = -0.042, b = 2.31$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 [3]</p>	<p>3.3</p> <p>1.1a</p> <p>1.1</p>	<p>Uses either data point to form equation</p> <p>Uses the other data point to find 2nd equation and solve simultaneously</p> <p>Both values required</p>	Solution may be BC
		<p>Alternative method gradient of line joining points (5,2.1) and 50,0.21)</p> $\frac{2.1 - 0.21}{5 - 50} = -0.042$ <p>So line is of the form $y - 2.1 = -0.042(x - 5)$</p> $y = -0.042x + 2.31$	<p>M1</p> <p>M1 A1 [3]</p>		<p>Attempt to find gradient</p> <p>Uses either data point to complete the equation</p> <p>Award for the correct equation without reference to a and b</p>	
11	(d)	<p>a is the rate at which ice melts: 0.042 kg of ice is lost per hour</p> <p>b is the initial mass of the block: 2.31 kg</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1 [2]</p>	<p>3.3</p> <p>3.3</p>	<p>Must refer to the value found; FT their negative a</p> <p>FT their positive b</p>	If no reference is made to the numerical values, allow SC1 for ' a is the rate at which ice melts and b is the initial mass of the block' oe
11	(e)	$m = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = -0.042t + 2.31 \Rightarrow t = \frac{2.31}{0.042} = 55$ <p>so time for block to melt is 55 hours</p>	<p>B1 [1]</p>	<p>3.4</p>	<p>FT their a and b only if t is positive</p>	