

9	(a)	<p>Vertical motion $u_y = 100 \sin 25^\circ$, $v_y = 0$</p> $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ $0 = (100 \sin 25^\circ)^2 - 2 \times 9.8 \times s$ $s = \frac{42.26^2}{19.6} = 91.1 \text{ m (3sf)}$	<p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>A1 [3]</p>	<p>3.3</p> <p>1.1a</p> <p>3.2a</p>	<p>Use of <i>suvat</i> equation(s) with $v = 0$ leading to a value for s. Allow sign errors</p> <p>Correct component of velocity so i cao</p>	eg from $t = 4.31 \text{ s}$
9	(b)	<p>Vertical motion $u_y = 100 \sin 25^\circ$, $y = 0$</p> $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2 \Rightarrow 0 = (100 \sin 25^\circ)t - 4.9t^2$ $t(100 \sin 25^\circ - 4.9t) = 0 \Rightarrow t = 0 \text{ or } 8.62...$ <p>$x = (100 \cos 25^\circ) \times 8.62... = 781.678...$</p> <p>Range is 782 m (3sf)</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 [4]</p>	<p>3.3</p> <p>1.1a</p> <p>1.1a</p> <p>1.1b</p>	<p>Use of <i>suvat</i> equation(s) with $y = 0$ and their $u_y \neq 100$ leading to a value for t. Allow sign errors</p> <p>Correct value or expression for t from correct working</p> <p>Use of horizontal motion equation with $u_x = 100 \cos 25^\circ$</p> <p>FT their value for t</p>	<p>Can be BC</p> <p>Allow for sin/cos interchange used throughout part (b).</p>