5	A child is running up and down a path. A simplified model of the child's motion is as follows:	
	• he first runs north for $5 \mathrm{s}$ at $4 \mathrm{m s}^{-1}$;	
	 he then suddenly stops and waits for 8s; 	
	• finally he runs in the opposite direction for $7 \mathrm{s}$ at $3.5 \mathrm{m s}^{-1}$.	
	(a) Taking north to be the positive direction, sketch a velocity-time graph for this model of child's motion.	the [2]
	Using this model,	
	(b) calculate the total distance travelled by the child,	[2]
	(c) find his final displacement from his original position.	[1]